

Sedating Known High Demeanour Score Patients

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Link

https://bit.ly/2BSzntq



- Prior to presentation for procedure consider at home medication E.g. Gabapentin 50 – 100 mg/cat PO (NB a test dose prior to day of presentation is advised)
- 2. Presentation Ideally 2 3 hrs after gabapentin
- 3. If possible, apply EMLA cream to a clipped area to facilitate IV catheter placement 30 60 min prior to venipuncture
- 4. Sedation options
 - a) Zoletil® 3 5 mg/kg +/- opioid* IM
 - b) Alfaxan[®] 2 5 mg/kg +/- opioid* SC**/IM
 - c) Medetomidine $2-5-10 \mu g/kg +/- opioid* (care vomiting) SC**/IM$
 - d) Medetomidine $2-5-10 \mu g/kg + ketamine (2-5mg/kg) +/- opioid* IM (care vomiting)$
 - e) Dexmedetomidine $2 10 \mu g/kg +/- ketamine$ (2 5mg/kg) +/- opioid* SC**/IM
- 5. Consider behavioural consultation and discussion on strategies to reduce hospital-based anxiety and aggression in future



- Prior to presentation for procedure consider at home medication
 E.g. Trazodone 5 10 mg/kg PO (NB a test dose prior to day of presentation is advised)
- 2. Presentation Ideally 2 3 hrs after trazodone
- 3. If possible, apply EMLA cream to a clipped area to facilitate IV catheter placement 30 60 min prior to venipuncture
- 4. Sedation options
 - a) Medetomidine $5 10 20 \mu g/kg +/- opioid* SC**/IM$
 - b) Dexmedetomidine 2 5 10 μg/kg +/- opioid* SC**/IM
- 5. Consider behavioural consultation and discussion on strategies to reduce hospital-based anxiety and aggression in future

*Opioid choice is dependent on procedure and level of pain anticipated Butorphanol: Better sedation, less analgesia, shorter length of action (~40 – 60 minutes) Methadone: Better analgesia, moderate sedation, variable length of action (~3 – 4 hours)

**SC administration may result in a more variable sedation result, but may be considered if required



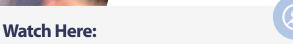


Respiratory Complications

Thursday 25th June

8:00pm NZST (6:00pm AEST, 5:30pm ACST, **4:00pm AWST**)

This webinar will focus on some common respiratory complications such as apnoea, hypercapnia and desaturation, and examine possible causes as well as multiple treatment options for each complication.

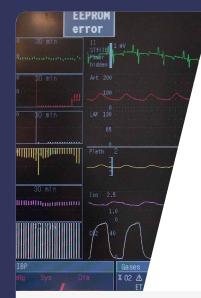




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Understanding Capnography

Thursday 9th July

8:00pm NZST (6:00pm AEST, 5:30pm ACST, 4:00pm AWST)

This webinar will ensure a sound understanding of capnography as well as highlight many capnogram traces and the likely causes of each.







Summary

Sheet

Scan

Link

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https://bit.ly/3d0KA8o

https://bit.ly/30CR3DA





Marcia Fletcher

RVNS, Dip V.N. (Dist), VTS Anaesthesia and Analgesia

DIRECTOR AND FOUNDER OF THE PINK STETHOSCOPE

Marcia Fletcher is a registered veterinary nurse specialist and a recognised international speaker. In 2011 she successfully passed her specialty examinations to become New Zealand's first Veterinary Technician Specialist in Anaesthesia and Analgesia.

